

JOHNSON

Harry Baker's family left Friday for Winooski to live.

Miss Katherine Prentiss has entered the U. V. M. this week.

Mrs. E. H. Sherwin was a visitor in St. Johnsbury Saturday.

Miss Grace Waite of Barre is with her father, Dr. H. N. Waite.

Mrs. Etta Richardson went to Barre Friday to pass several weeks.

Percy McDowell of Providence, R. I., is a guest of Miss Ruth Parker.

C. B. Curtis of Logan, Iowa, was a recent guest of Mrs. Smith Hebb.

Sherman Rogers of West Glover visited his niece, Mrs. Bert Mills recently.

Misses Jennie Maxfield and Drusilla Waterman return to the U. V. M. this week.

Miss Katherine Prentiss visited her cousin, Mrs. Taylor Mead, in Morrisville Friday.

O. A. McFarland has had concrete steps built in front of his residence on Main street.

Mrs. J. L. Worthley of Bradford has been with her son, L. B. Worthley, for several days.

Ralph Chase badly injured one leg last Wednesday while loading ice for the village delivery.

The attendance at the Cong'l Sunday School last Sunday was 120, with a collection of \$1.72.

Robert Fuller, Harold Parady, Albert Stiles and Howard Bailey enter the U. V. M. this week.

The Misses Etta and Mary Waters and Dorothy Mears were home from their school over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Merritt Lee of Hyde Park were guests at H. M. Maxfield's Wednesday of last week.

The ladies of the Cong'l parish are to meet at the parsonage Wednesday p. m. at 3 o'clock for a social hour.

Mrs. Frank Sargent and grandson, Ellis, of North Hyde Park, were guests Friday of Mrs. I. L. Bailey.

Mrs. Graves of Chatham, Tenn., and her father, W. R. Elliott of Waterbury are guests at D. A. Barrow's.

Mrs. E. M. Green and Mrs. Bernette Tillotson took a carriage drive to Bakersfield last Thursday to visit Mrs. Lorette Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. William Laporte and Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Tracy autored to Burlington Friday night to attend moving pictures at the Majestic theatre.

Mrs. I. L. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Whitney and C. J. Munn and family attended the fiftieth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Porter Butts at North Hyde Park last Wednesday.

Guy Fullington, who has spent the summer at Camp Idyllease, Grand Isle, came last Thursday to visit his father, Harrington Fullington, before returning to the U. V. M. for the second year.

The library has received from the Vt. Agricultural Experiment Station a bound copy of Bulletin 1914 on "The Trees of Vermont." The book is of great value and will interest all who wish to know about our trees.

North Wolcott

(Deferred)

John Griffith visited his parents here recently.

E. J. Clark and family were recent visitors in the place.

Mrs. A. B. Sanborn visited friends in Wolcott recently.

Max Moulton has begun his school work in Craftsbury.

Mrs. J. E. Wheeler recently visited her aunt in Bristol, N. H.

M. A. Barter of Hardwick was a business visitor in this place Saturday.

School began here Monday, Sept. 18, Harry Griswold of Johnson is teacher.

W. Harry May of Bloomfield was a recent visitor at A. E. Woodmansee's home.

E. A. Hastings has purchased a new Maxwell auto of Pierce & Johnson of Hardwick.

Mrs. C. A. Hoyt has returned home from a several days visit with her son, M. B. Hoyt, in Cabot.

RECORD OF THE PAST

No Stronger Evidence Can Be Had in Morrisville

Look well to their record. What they have done many times in years gone by is the best guarantee of future results. Anyone with a bad back; any reader suffering from urinary troubles, from kidney ills, should find comforting words in the following:—

W. H. Howard, cabinet maker, 23 Randolph street, Morrisville, says: "I suffered from kidney weakness. The kidney secretions passed irregularly and caused me no end of annoyance. Soon after I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, that I got at Cheney's Drug Store, I was relieved. A few boxes made me feel like a different person, I was able to sleep well and all symptoms of the trouble were removed."

AFTER TWO YEARS HAD PASSED, Mr. Howard said: "I can still recommend Doan's Kidney Pills highly, for they have been beneficial to me."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Howard had. Foster-McBarn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—adv.

PEPSIN, NUX, IRON AND SARSAPARILLA

A Magnificent Combination—Finest Course of Medicine.

Physicians and pharmacists have long known the desirability of combining iron—a superlative tonic—in a blood-purifying, building-up medicine. The combination of the iron with Hood's Sarsaparilla has now been secured through the happy thought of prescribing Pepsin Pills to be taken in connection with the Sarsaparilla—one before eating, the other after.

In this way the two medicines work together most harmoniously and beneficially, supplementing each other, and giving a four-fold result in blood-cleansing and up-building.

You get blood-purifying, appetite-giving, liver-stimulating qualities in Hood's Sarsaparilla and great tonic properties in Pepsin Pills.

Buy these medicines today.

STOWE

H. H. Stickney of Rutland is passing a few days with his uncle and aunt Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Stickney.

Foster D. Van Dusen of Morrisville has purchased the Lysander Barrows place on West Hill and will take possession November 1.

Mrs. Sumner Stearns and son, August Becker and Miss Wetha Becker of Waterbury called upon Miss Grace Bigelow at "The Ledges" Thursday.

C. A. Riley and son M. C. Riley went Tuesday of last week to Northfield, where the latter remained to resume his studies at Norwich University.

S. E. Stickney, who has been confined to the house for a week by an injury to the sciatic nerve in the right foot and leg, is improving and is able to be about a little.

The Rev. F. T. Crane, who was here to attend the funeral of Vernon Wilkins, returned to Sterling, Mass., Friday.

His son Ralph, who accompanied him, will remain for a week's visit.

Charles H. Stone, who with Mrs. Stone, has spent the summer in Stowe and has visited relatives in Swanton for several weeks, left Tuesday night to resume his lumbering operations in the South.

Mrs. C. H. Wiley and Mrs. George Wells of St. Albans are spending a few days with Mrs. C. M. Lawrence. Mrs. Lawrence will have a millinery opening at her parlors in Mrs. M. A. Jenney's block Saturday.

Dr. and Mrs. P. E. McSweeney and M. D. McMahon of Burlington passed the week with their brother, C. L. McMahon and sister, Mrs. O. E. Luce, and families in company with their brother, Harry C. McMahon of Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Foster and sons H. J. and G. W., have returned from a week's trip by automobile through the islands in Lake Champlain, Chazy and Malone, N. Y., where they attended the fair, and to Massena, N. Y., where they visited their son Sheridan.

J. A. Luce moved Wednesday from Moscow to the house on the corner of Main and Bridge streets in the village recently purchased of A. H. Cheney as agent for Charles Hopkins of Lowell, Mass. Mr. Luce is having the house wired for electric lighting. He has sold his farm at Moscow to George F. West.

W. B. Macutchan and L. S. Macutchan attended the funeral of George Beecher in Essex Junction last week. Mrs. George F. Beecher visited her mother, Mrs. Rosamond Macutchan, Thursday, returning to Essex Junction Friday and on Saturday the Rev. and Mrs. Beecher and family will return to their home in Woonsocket, R. I., Mr. Beecher's mother, Mrs. George Beecher, will accompany them and make her home with them.

Wilbur B. Bigelow, Superintendent of the Salem hospital, and William L. Ives, secretary and treasurer of the Harmony Grove Cemetery association of Salem, Mass., who have motored through the White Mountains, St. Johnsbury and other places in northern Vermont, and who passed Tuesday night with Mr. Bigelow's relatives in Stowe, visited the granite quarries in Barre Wednesday and spent Wednesday night with Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Bigelow in Middlesex on their way to Salem.

Funeral of Vernon Wilkins

The funeral of Vernon Wilkins, who died at his home early Monday morning, was held at Unity church Wednesday afternoon, with a large attendance. The Rev. F. T. Crane of Sterling, Mass., a former pastor of Unity church, conducted the services. The bearers were Dr. D. D. Grout, Lucius L. Harris, C. H. A. Stafford, P. S. Kaiser, W. F. Churchill and A. H. Cheney. Mrs. E. E. Bamforth sang "Not a Sparrow Falteth" and "Savior, Comfort Me," accompanied by George A. Burnham on the organ. There was a profusion of beautiful flowers, among them a pillow from Mystic Lodge, F. and A. M., of which the deceased was a member. A large number of members of Mystic Lodge attended in a body. The burial was in the family lot in the River Bank cemetery. Among those present from out of town were: Miss Nancy Kaiser and Miss Mertie Melvin of Manchester, N. H., Dr. and Mrs. D. D. Grout, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Grout, Mrs. John Magee, Mrs. W. M. Gilbert, Mrs. Harry Lease, O. A. Seabury, Mrs. Minnie Farrell of Waterbury, Leon Wilkins of Waterbury Center, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Churchill, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Stafford, Miss Eloise Stafford, Mr. and Mrs. Austin Wilkins, F. M. Small, Mr. and Mrs. Leo Gates of Morrisville, E. W. Kaiser of Greenboro, E. C. Kaiser, Mrs. W. W. Foster and Miss Belle Hargin and E. K. Hale of Montpelier.

Finnegan's Philosophy

Single Track Minds

"What is he?" asked Finnegan. "Sure at Injainnypoles he said he was full of Anymated Conservatism. Fwht's that, ye say? 'Tis the turn-table on the wan thrack mind. It kapes spinnin' round and round 'an' divil a man can tell fwht switch it will pick up. It dinnau itself. So ye dinnau where to lay for it."

"'Twas so wld the arrumed freight ships. 'They're not warships,' he says, 'unless I change me mind,' he says, 'which I have,' he says, 'an' annywan who says so is a liar,' he says, 'but I refuse to discuss it,' he says. 'I'll pass the buck to Congress,' he says, 'on'y I won't,' he says, 'for 'tis no business of theirs,' he says, 'though they must vote on the resolution,' he says, 'to show where they stand,' he says, 'hince ye'll lay it on the table,' he says, 'an' thin they can't vote,' says Wudthrow to Stone."

"'I—thought I seen a fallacy,' says Stone, timid like, 'but the Great Idylst brung down his flist wld a t'ump."

"'Table the resolution,' says he—an' away goes Stone."

"'Pwht does this mean?' axes the Sinit."

"'Gltiemen,' says Stone, weepin' bitterly, 'he can frisk me. But thin's the orders,' says Stone, 'an' if anny man iver knew fwht it meant he's kep quiet about it."

"So wld the flighin' wurd. 'We're too proud to fight,' says this terrible man to a bunch iv just-overs at Philadelphia. 'Haw-haw-haw,' says the wurd iv laugh gets his goat, Jawn. 'I was thinkin' iv somethin' I didn't say,' yells Wudthrow. 'Haw-haw-haw,' says the wurd, laughin' to split."

"'Be this an' be that 'Too Proud to Fight' has made the reppytashum iv Wudthrow. 'Tis like the Monroe Doctrine to Monroe or Emanshaphum to Lincoln. 'Twas thranslated into ivry tongue. 'Tis better known than the twenty-third psalm or the famous oration iv the Guv'nor iv North Carlyn. If an Ashantee poked another in the eye he'd give him the coon fr 'Are Ye Too Proud to Fight' an' they'd both laugh before they went to the dure. All the recultin' signs abroad had it, an' the shame 'ud bring three recruits where 'Tipperary' or rum wud bring wan. 'Oh, wan ye plaze stop laughin'!' says Wudthrow, but they laughed the more. So he sinds Jim Ham Lewis to explain. He's called Ham by reason he's so fond of pork."

"'Three thousand years agone,' says Jim Ham, 'or maybe less,' says he, 'an' old Dago said, 'Non Dinny Carey win Kerry'—or the like of that, Jawn. It means not to have a chip on yer shoulder. 'Non Dinny Carey win Kerry,' says Jim Ham, 'an' Julius Sayer,' says he, 'an' Tolmy Philadelphia,' says he, 'an' the Earl iv Cheatem,' says Jim, 'an' William Hatch Seward,' says Ham, 'an' a lot more I forget,' says Ham, 'who felt the same way,' says Jim, 'although,' he says, 'they nivr said so,' says Jim Ham to the Sinit."

"'Now,' says he, 'how, I axe ye, cud the Prisdint know that the cultyated Christian audience,' he says, 'iv immigrants,' says he, 'wud fail to grasp the noouance,' says Jim Ham. 'An' Jawn, they shud the dures the way the people wudn't see the Sinit lose its dignity."

"'Fwht's a noouance?' asked Matumphy."

"'Tis a sort iv intellectual gold brick,' replied Finnegan, slightly puzzled, 'be which ye say fwht ye don't mane an' mane ye don't say. The noouance comes out iv it somehow. 'Tis like I dinnau wud, just exactly like it,' he added after a short pause. 'I cudden't tell thin apart."

"'Well,' said Matumphy, 'the single thrack mind gets nowhere. I'm thinkin'."

"'Th' gauge is none too broad,' replied his friend, 'an' the thrack's heavy,' he added."

"Non Dinicare est Vincere."

ANSWER: EIGHT HOURS, NOT EIGHT YEARS.

[Special Dispatch to the New York Herald.]

Bar Harbor, Me., Monday.

To the Editor of the Herald:

Maine's answer to Wilson: "Eight hours, but not eight years."—A Former Progressive.

DEMAND WAS NOT FOR AN EIGHT HOUR DAY.

"It is said that the judgment of society has made the demand for the eight-hour day. This was not an eight-hour day, and the judgment of society had nothing to do with the proposition laid before congress and passed by congress. The proof of this is found in the bill itself, which proposes an investigation to find out whether Congress had any business to do the thing which it was asked to do, and which it did do."—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

Constipation causes headache, indigestion, dizziness, drowsiness. For a mild, opening medicine, use Doan's Regulator, 25c a box at all stores.—adv.

For complete County news service, take the NEWS AND CITIZEN.

Temperance Notes

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

PROHIBITION FOR KEEPS.

Below are given some of the reasons why Russia will never repeal its prohibitory laws, based on statements made by Ernest Gordon, who has recently visited the country:

In the insanity hospital in connection with the northern Russian army there has been only one case of alcoholic insanity in a year. Such hospitals during the Russo-Japanese war were filled with alcoholic insane.

In one town money grew so plentiful that the villagers clubbed together and bought a movie. Charging a small admission fee they grew so embarrassed with the riches that they purchased a brand new fire engine, "the village pride."

The Pirogoff society, the leading medical association of Russia, has heartily indorsed prohibition, declaring that "a whole mass of facts allow us to believe that prohibition has decreased sickness (especially venereal and mental), lessened fires, suicides, crime, accidents and increased material and industrial prosperity."

There is a general feeling throughout Russia that it is "owing to the temperance movement," that the bad effects of the war are not felt.

One peasant writes of the results of prohibition as "wonderfully good. Joy everywhere! Quite habitual drunkards are well dressed now and have repaired their houses."

SETTING THE PACE.

Referring to the popular belief that the metropolitan centers are citadels of corruption upon which no impression can be made, the Union Signal says that this "big city bugaboo" is now losing its terrors. It points to New York's board of health, to Chicago's Sunday closing, to Philadelphia's stand against the use of alcoholic drinks by its city employees, and remarks that the public will look expectantly to Boston, St. Louis and Baltimore for some spectacular movement which will excel the reforms of the other three. "Meanwhile," it says, "in the great cities of the Pacific coast, Seattle and Portland, and in the municipalities of the middle West, Denver and Des Moines, prohibition is not only demonstrating its success as a panacea for civic ills, but has reached a stage of popularity where the men who wrote and orated against it a few months ago, are now eloquently insisting that from time immemorial they have been its ardent and self-sacrificing advocates."

EXPECT BETTER TIMES.

"There have been many dire predictions regarding the disaster that is to follow the departure of the saloon in wet territory in this state, but generally speaking no delusions are held along this line by the more prominent business men of Idaho," says the Boise News. "While they look for a temporary depression prior to the readjustment, they expect afterwards impetus in business conditions and even better times than before the saloon became extinct. The fact that much of Idaho has been dry for years and business conditions in the dry territory have even been better in some instances than in the wet territory leads many business men to believe that the saloon is not so paramount a factor and that with a readjustment the lost revenue from it will not be missed."

A FINANCIAL BENEFIT.

West Virginia saved \$67,500 last Christmas time through a decrease in murders. Mr. Sim Irion, secretary of the Charleston Business Men's association, cites statistics showing that for 33 years there has been an average of 17 murders in the state during the Christmas holidays, all of them traceable either directly or indirectly to whisky and its evil influences. This Christmas there were only two murders as a result of drinking. The average murder trial in West Virginia, it is stated, costs \$4,500. Seventeen murder trials therefore cost the state \$76,500. Two cost about \$9,000, a saving of approximately \$67,500.

DESTRUCTIVE IMPLEMENTS.

Some manufacturer of booze tools for the home is turning out cocktail shakers made in "exact facsimile" of the shrapnel shell cases Europe uses. These trig implements of destruction are shown in one of New York's Fifth avenue shop windows as an attractive "novelty" for shoppers. The people who thought of adapting the cases to booze have grasped a profound symbolism. The cocktail is about as deadly an explosive as the shrapnel, only its time fuse is rather long. We hardly expected the liquor folks to advertise this resemblance.—Collier's Weekly.

DOWN GLASSES!

The London Spectator says: "We must fight the Germans with both hands and not with one hand grasping a glass of beer or spirits." And the New York Independent properly asks: "If a man needs two hands to fight with successfully, how can he get along effectively with fewer to work with? If a nation at war cannot spare a hand to hold the liquor glass, how can a people at peace?" And then it sensibly says: "Someone should move to amend the 'Down Glasses' program by striking out the word 'temporary.'"

HUGHES PITILESS ON MEXICAN DISGRACE

In His Mind and on His Tongue More Than Any Other Single Problem With Which Mr. Wilson Has Paltered.

CRAZY CHAPTER OF BLUNDERS

No One Can Hear Him Speak Without Seeing the Reality of His Indignation Over the Heartless Policy of the Democratic Administration Toward American Men, Women and Children, American Citizens, Soldiers and Sailors Along and Across the Rio Grande.

Soon after Mr. Hughes was nominated a friend said to him, "Governor, if the American people forget the Mexican disgrace they do not deserve to have you for president." Quick as a dash he replied, "The candidate who dodges the Mexican disgrace does not deserve to be president." He did not pass around his address of acceptance for compliment or criticism in advance of its delivery, but the amount of space he devoted to the Mexican disgrace—"that confused chapter of blunders"—surprised no one who had talked with him since his nomination.

It has been in his mind and on his mind more than any other single problem with which Mr. Wilson has paltered. To talk with him is to see at once the reality of his indignation over the heartless manner in which American men, women and children, American citizens, soldiers and sailors have been abandoned by the administration along and across the Rio Grande, the victims of Mexican armed forces, outfitted with American ammunition and American rifles, Mexicans whom Mr. Wilson has coddled one day as patriots only to chase the next as bandits.

It is apparently the belief of Mr. Wilson that the people of the United States are not interested in Mexico. His defenders have declared that it was an "old story and out of date." Mr. Hughes has a better opinion of his fellow countrymen. He has proved himself a better judge of their feelings. He has made "the Mexican disgrace" a foremost issue of his campaign. He has assailed the record of the administration in that respect in almost every speech he has made. He has never failed to strike a responsive chord in the hearts of his audience, whether speaking in Carnegie hall, New York, from the platform of his train at Grand Forks, N. D., to a vast audience at Portland, at the exposition at San Diego or in the prairie states of the middle west. He has refuted the slander, sometimes heard in the effete east, that the people of the great west do not care what happens to their fellow citizens in Mexico or to the flag beyond the border. No man born in the west has a firmer faith in the fundamental patriotism and "dominant Americanism" of the people of that section than Mr. Hughes. He holds them responsible in large measure for the encouragement and support he received while governor of New York in his war upon political graft and official bossism. He thinks they had much to do with conscripting him as the champion of nationalism in the current campaign. He showed his confidence in their practical idealism when he made "the Mexican disgrace" an uppermost issue of his campaign. He has been vindicated by the response his arraignment of the administration on this score has everywhere evoked. From Maine to California "the Mexican disgrace" is a sore subject with red blooded Americans today. But nowhere between the oceans are the outrages inflicted in Mexico upon American honor, life and property more keenly resented than around the firesides of the great west. Mr. Hughes is no stranger to the west. His straightforward talk on Mexico proves it.

HUGHES OR WILSON? ROOSEVELT'S ANSWER

"Against Mr. Wilson's combination of grace in elocution with a futility in action, against his record of words unbacked by deeds or betrayed by deeds, we see Mr. Hughes' rugged and uncompromising straightforwardness of character and action in every office he has held. We put the man who thinks and speaks directly and whose words have always been made good against the man whose adroit and facile elocution is used to conceal his plans or his want of plans. The next four years may well be years of tremendous national strain. Which of the two men do you, the American people, wish at the helm during these four years—the man who has been actually tried and found wanting or the man whose whole career in public office is a guarantee of his power and good faith? But one answer is possible, and it must be given by the American people through the election of Charles Evans Hughes as president of the United States."—Roosevelt in Maine Speech.

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HUSBAND OBJECTS TO OPERATION

Wife Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Des Moines, Iowa.—"Four years ago I was very sick and my life was nearly spent. The doctors stated that I would never get well without an operation and that without it I would not live one year. My husband objected to any operation and got me some of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it and commenced to get better and am now well, am stout and able to do my own housework. I can recommend the Vegetable Compound to any woman who is sick and run down as a wonderful strength and health restorer. My husband says I would have been in my grave ere this if it had not been for your Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. BLANCHE JEFFERSON, 708 Lyon St., Des Moines, Iowa.

Before submitting to a surgical operation it is wise to try to build up the female system and cure its derangements with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; it has saved many women from surgical operations.

Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice—it will be confidential.

B. & M. Official Appointments

An announcement for the office of H. E. Polson, of Lyndonville, division superintendent of the Boston & Maine railroad, gives these appointments for that division.

John A. Ahern appointed assistant superintendent to succeed George W. Cree, deceased; George F. Ferguson appointed train master to succeed Mr. Ahern, promoted; Ray L. Lilley appointed chief train dispatcher to succeed Mr. Ferguson, promoted.

PRIMARY ELECTION

Republican Party

For Senator—Linus Leavens, 1257; Will Atwell, 1.

For Assistant Judges—Justin S. Leach, 1239; H. A. Jackson, 909; E. C. Wells, 3; Walter Sabin, 1; Frank Nichols, 1; Earl Moore, 1.

For Sheriff—G. E. Town, 1509; C. E. Burt, 1.

For High Bailiff—Charles Savery, 1289.

For State's Attorney—M. P. Maurice, 888; W. E. Tracy, 845.

For Judge of Probate—Noyes G. Wood, 1470.

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the foregoing statement contains the names of all the candidates voted for at the primary election held September 12, 1916, for County Officers for the County of Lamoille, with the number of votes